# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO/IEC 11179-30

First edition 2023-01

# Information technology — Metadata registries (MDR) —

Part 30:

Basic attributes of metadata



#### ISO/IEC 11179-30:2023(E)



#### **COPYRIGHT PROTECTED DOCUMENT**

© ISO/IEC 2023

All rights reserved. Unless otherwise specified, or required in the context of its implementation, no part of this publication may be reproduced or utilized otherwise in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, or posting on the internet or an intranet, without prior written permission. Permission can be requested from either ISO at the address below or ISO's member body in the country of the requester.

ISO copyright office CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8 CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva Phone: +41 22 749 01 11 Email: copyright@iso.org Website: www.iso.org

Published in Switzerland

Co	Page	
For	reword	vi
Intr	vii	
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	1
4	Conformance 4.1 Overview of conformance 4.2 Degree of conformance 4.2.1 General 4.2.2 Strictly conforming implementations 4.2.3 Conforming implementations 4.3 Implementation conformance statement (ICS)	
5	Basic attributes 5.1 Use of basic attributes 5.2 Common attributes 5.2.1 Identifying attributes 5.2.2 Naming attributes 5.2.3 Definitional attributes 5.2.4 Administrative attributes 5.2.5 Relational attributes 5.2.6 Attributes specific to data element concepts	5 6 6 7 7 7 7
D.1. **	<ul> <li>5.4 Attributes specific to data elements</li> <li>5.5 Attributes specific to conceptual domains</li> <li>5.6 Attributes specific to value domains</li> <li>5.7 Attributes specific to permissible values</li> <li>5.8 Attributes specific to value meanings</li> </ul>	
Bibl	bliography	10

ISO/IEC 11179-30:2023(E)

## **List of Figures**

## **List of Tables**

Table 1 — Identifying attributes	6
Table 2 — Naming attributes	6
Table 3 — Definitional attributes	7
Table 4 — Administrative attributes	7
Table 5 — Relational attributes	7
Table 6 — Attributes specific to data element concepts	8
Table 7 — Attributes specific to data elements	8
Table 8 — Attributes specific to conceptual domains	8
Table 9 — Attributes specific to value domains	8
Table 10 — Attributes specific to permissible values	9
Table 11 — Attributes specific to value meanings	9

#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a> or <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives<

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://patents.iec.ch"><u>www.iso.org/patents</u></a>) or the IEC list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://patents.iec.ch"><u>https://patents.iec.ch</u></a>).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. In the IEC, see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>. In the IEC, see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC/JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 32, *Data management and interchange*.

This first edition of ISO/IEC 11179-30 cancels and replaces ISO/IEC TS 11179-30:2019, which has been technically revised.

The main changes are as follows:

- removed the prior dependence on ISO/IEC 11179-3<sup>[4]</sup>, since this document is intended for use when a metadata registry is not appropriate;
- reflect the relocation of the metamodel for data specification registration from ISO/IEC 11179-3 to ISO/IEC 11179-31<sup>[5]</sup>.

A list of all parts in the ISO/IEC 11179 series can be found on the ISO and IEC websites.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a> and <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a> and <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a> and

#### Introduction

Data processing and electronic data interchange rely heavily on accurate, reliable, controllable and verifiable data recorded in databases. A prerequisite for correct and proper use and interpretation of data is that both users and owners of data have a common understanding of the meaning and representation of the data. To facilitate this common understanding, a number of characteristics, or attributes, of the data have to be defined. These characteristics of data are known as "metadata", that is, "data that describe data". The ISO/IEC 11179 series provides a family of conceptual metamodels for the attributes of data elements and associated metadata to be specified and registered as metadata items in a metadata registry (MDR).

This document provides a simplified presentation of the basic attributes which are required to describe data elements and associated metadata, and which might be used in situations where a complete ISO/IEC 11179-3 metadata registry is not appropriate (e.g. in the specification of other International Standards).

This document applies to the definition, specification and contents of collections of metadata, including interchanging or referencing among such collections.

## Information technology — Metadata registries (MDR) —

#### Part 30:

### Basic attributes of metadata

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies "basic attributes" which are required to describe metadata in situations where a complete ISO/IEC 11179-3<sup>[4]</sup> metadata registry is not appropriate (e.g. in the specification of other International Standards).

#### 2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.